The Power of Student-Teacher Connection 1.14.2021 12:00pm EST





What is the Educating All Learners Alliance (EALA)?

To help ensure the continuity of special education services during remote instruction and to spotlight best practice approaches for schools and educators, an alliance of national education organizations has come together to ensure equity for all learners. EducatingAllLearners.org creates a hub of curated tools, strategies, tips and best practices for supporting students with disabilities online. Our goal is to both curate and create special education resources for educators to serve students who learn differently during this time of challenge.

EALA Founding Partners



EdTogether



Introductions

Marjorie Smalls

Business Development & Partnership Strategist Gradient Learning





Geoff Osmun

School and District Success Summit Learning Program

t Learning Program





Summit Learning Program

Why are we here today?

2020

Need for Personal Connection Students, especially those with disabilities

Who are we serving?



Who are we serving?



What we know

$\textbf{Relationships} \rightarrow \textbf{Engagement} \rightarrow \textbf{Academic Success}$

Student-teacher relationships are critical to student engagement. ^{1, 2, 3}

At Gradient Learning, we define a developmental relationship...

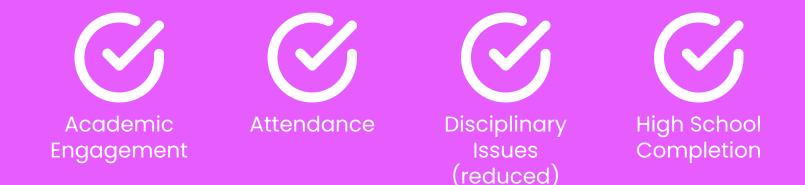
> ... as a relationship in which both the teacher and the student grow.



"When I got back to school I just kind of sat there on my phone and sulked. She just helped me get back on my feet and set goals again for myself."



What are signs of disengagement in <u>your</u> own students? How have relationships helped? Even after controlling for differences in students' backgrounds, positive teacher-student relationships are associated with both short-term and long-term improvements in:



What we know

Relationships \rightarrow Engagement \rightarrow Academic Success

Student engagement is critical to academic success. ⁴

"Teachers are more often encouraged to focus on 'what' is being learned rather than to grapple with 'why' students are not fully participating in the process of learning."

(Allensworth et al., 2018)

UCHICAGOConsortium RESEARCH SYNTHESIS OCTOBER 2018 Supporting Social, Emotional, & Academic Development **Research Implications for Educators**

Elaine M. Allensworth, Camille A. Farrington, Molly F. Gordon, David W. Johnson, Kylle Klein, Bronwyn McDaniel, and Jenny Nagaoka

"Taking those types of things into account is really important because you don't know what anyone is going through. Especially times like now, our students are going through a lot."



What do <u>your</u> students need to be able to engage and put in effort in school?

Attendance and effort are the main drivers of students' academic success (grades, high school completion, and college readiness)... ...much more so than demographics, test scores, or course selection. 5, 6



Theory of Action

$\textbf{Relationships} \rightarrow \textbf{Engagement} \rightarrow \textbf{Academic Success}$

Okay... BUT HOW??? How can we build relationships and engage students?

How true these statements feel within a classroom determines how likely students are to focus their attention on learning and persevere with challenging academic tasks.

- **I belong** in this learning community.
- I can succeed at this.
- My ability and competence grow with my effort (also known as a "growth mindset").
- This work has value for me.

"In this time, teachers are beginning to realize (for those of us that didn't) that our students are human. They have good days, bad days, ugly days. And that, at this point, we are experiencing the same thing. The anxiety that we feel, they feel. The isolation that we feel, they feel. That it has now given teachers a moment to realize ... we can show up for each other."

Tynetta Harris

Let's get practical

What are some teacher moves that help students:

- have a sense of belonging
- believe they can succeed
- have a growth mindset
- believe there is value in the work

Formalization for equity



Next Steps

Check out some of these resources:

- <u>UChicago</u>
- Search Institute
- Turnaround for Children
- <u>5 Attachment Power moves</u>

You can also go to <u>along.org</u> and <u>summitlearning.org</u>



Thank you!

Geoff Osmun gosmun@summitlearning.org www.gradientlearning.org

Learn more about the Educating All Learners Alliance (EALA)

<u>www.educatingalllearners.org</u> @educateall_org Check out our podcast on Apple and Spotify!



"Student's don't care how much you know until they know how much you care"

John C. Maxwell

Additional References

Presentation Link:

tinyurl.com/student teacherconnection

- 1. "Students with Disabilities and Chronic Absenteeism." National Center on Educational Outcomes, Apr. 2018, https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED591915.pdf.
- 2. "School Pairs Students with Life Coaches to Help Them Deal with Stress." *TODAY.com*, The Today Show, 29 Oct. 2020, www.today.com/video/school-pairs-students-with-life-coaches-to-help-them-deal-with-stress-94907461935.
- 3. The Mentoring Effect Executive Summary. Civic Enterprises, Hart Research Associates, Mentor: The National Mentoring Partnership, www.mentoring.org/wp-content/uploads/2019/11/The_Mentoring_Effect_Executive_Summary.pdf.
- Roorda, D. L., Koomen, H. M. Y., Spilt, J. L., & Oort, F. J. (2011). The Influence of Affective Teacher–Student Relationships on Students' School Engagement and Achievement: A Meta-Analytic Approach. Review of Educational Research, 81(4), 493–529. <u>https://doi.org/10.3102/0034654311421793</u>
- 5. Hattie, J. (2015). The applicability of Visible Learning to higher education. Scholarship of Teaching and Learning in Psychology, 1(1), 79-91.
- Quin, D. (2017). Longitudinal and Contextual Associations Between Teacher–Student Relationships and Student Engagement: A Systematic Review. Review of Educational Research, 87(2), 345–387. <u>https://doi.org/10.3102/0034654316669434</u>
- 7. Wheeler, Marc E, et al. "Review of Three Recent Randomized Trials of School-Based Mentoring: Making Sense of Mixed Findings." Social Policy Report, vol. 24, no. 3, 2010, doi:10.1002/sop2.v32.2.
- 8. Allensworth, E.M., Farrington, C.A., Gordon, M.F., Johnson, D.W., Klein, K., McDaniel, B., & Nagaoka, J. (2018). Supporting social, emotional, & academic development: Research implications for educators. Chicago, IL: University of Chicago Consortium on School Research.
- 9. Allensworth, E.M., & Hart, H. (2018) How do principals influence student achievement? Chicago, IL: University of Chicago Consortium on School Research.